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GENERALITY OF CREATIVITY ACROSS PERFORMANCE DOMAINS: A REPLICATION

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and 62 boys in Grade 8 wrote original poems and stories, which were later judged for creativity by experts. The correlation between these two measures of creativity was broader range of abilities, as suggested in a 1994 published review by Kogan. 66 girls .19. This is similar to previous results. tance of general creativity-thinking skills was conducted using a larger sample with a Summary.—A replication of a 1991 study in which Baer questioned the impor-

the correlations artificially (Kogan, 1994). relations between the creativity of the poems and stories written by the same intelligences (1983, 1988) but within a domain as well. Specifically, the cor-50), however, and quite homogeneous in ability, which may have attenuated people were quite low. Sample sizes were relatively small (ranging from 19 to true not only across domains as anticipated by Gardner's theory of multiple duced by the same individuals tended to show little correlation. This was lations between the creativity ratings by experts of various products prointo question by a series of investigations (Baer, 1991, 1993) in which corre-The importance of general creativity-relevant thinking skills was called

subject wrote one poem and one story in the regular English class. sample (N = 128) and covering a wider range of abilities. The subjects comprised the entire eighth grade of a racially mixed junior high school. Each The present study was a replication of the earlier study using a larger

were .81 for the poems and .79 for the stories. consensual assessment technique. The coefficient alpha interrater reliabilities only the creativity of the poems and stories using Amabile's (1982, 1983) stories (all published writers and teachers of creative writing). Judges rated three were also editors of poetry journals) and three expert judges for the There were three expert judges for the poems (all poets; two of the

samples which had called the earlier findings into question. poems written by the same subjects was .19. This confirms the results of the previous investigations without the problem of restriction of range and small The Pearson correlation between the creativity of the stories and of the

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