Your Group Plan

Rider University

Aetna Select
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(Defines the Terms Shown in Bold Type in the Text of This Document.)
The Plan described in the following pages of this Booklet is a benefit plan of the Employer. These benefits are not insured with Aetna Life Insurance Company ("Aetna") but will be paid from the Employer's funds. Aetna will provide certain administrative services under the Plan as outlined in the Administrative Services Agreement between Aetna and the Customer.

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Health Expense Coverage

Health Expense Coverage is expense-incurred coverage only and not coverage for the disease or injury itself. This means that this Plan will pay benefits only for expenses incurred while this coverage is in force. Except as described in any extended benefits provision, no benefits are payable for health expenses incurred before coverage has commenced or after coverage has terminated; even if the expenses were incurred as a result of an accident, injury, or disease which occurred, commenced, or existed while coverage was in force. An expense for a service or supply is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished.

When a single charge is made for a series of services, each service will bear a pro rata share of the expense. The pro rata share will be determined by Aetna. Only that pro rata share of the expense will be considered to have been an expense incurred on the date of such service.

Aetna assumes no responsibility for the outcome of any covered services or supplies. Aetna makes no express or implied warranties concerning the outcome of any covered services or supplies.

Vision Eyewear Expense Coverage

This Plan pays a benefit equal to 100% of the Maximum Allowance of the Covered Vision Supply Expenses you incur.

Vision Care Supply Expense Benefits

Covered Medical Expenses include charges for eyeglasses (lenses and frames) and contact lenses when prescribed by a legally qualified ophthalmologist or optometrist to a person.

Covered Medical Expenses for vision care supplies are payable up to the Vision Care Supply Maximum. Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for more than one pair of eyeglasses (lenses and frames) or one pair of contact lenses during any period of 24 months in a row.

Benefits will be provided for 100% of the cost of Vision Care Supplies up to the Vision Care Supply Maximum of $35. If the actual cost of the Vision Care Supply is less than the Maximum, the Benefit will be for that amount.

Prescription Drug Expense Coverage

Prescription Drug Expense Coverage is merely a name for the benefits in this section. It does not provide benefits covering expenses incurred for all prescription drugs. There are exclusions, copayment features, and, if applicable to this Plan, deductible and maximum benefit features. They are described in the Booklet.

The Summary of Coverage outlines the Payment Percentages that apply to the Covered Prescription Drug Expenses described below.

Covered Prescription Drug Expenses

This Plan pays the benefits shown below for certain prescription drug expenses incurred for the treatment of a disease or injury. These benefits apply separately to each covered person.

If a prescription drug is dispensed by a pharmacy to a person for treatment of a disease or injury, a benefit will be paid, determined from the Benefit Amount subsection, but only if the pharmacy's charge for the drug is more than the copay per prescription or refill.

Benefit amounts provided under this section will not be subject to any provision under this Plan for coordination of benefits with other plans, except the provision for coordinating benefits under this Plan with any Medicare benefits.
Benefit Amount
The benefit amount for each covered prescription drug or refill dispensed by a preferred (in-network) pharmacy will be an amount equal to the Payment Percentage of the total charges. The total charge is determined by:

- the preferred (in-network) pharmacy; and
- Aetna.

Any amount so determined will be paid to the preferred (in-network) pharmacy on your behalf.

No benefit will be paid for a prescription drug dispensed by a non-preferred (out-of-network) pharmacy under this benefit section except for an emergency condition, in which case the benefit will be payable at the preferred (in-network) level of coverage.

Limitations
No benefits are paid under this section:

- For a device of any type unless specifically included as a prescription drug.
- For any drug entirely consumed at the time and place it is prescribed.
- For less than a 30 day supply of any drug dispensed by a mail order pharmacy.
- For more than a 90 day supply per prescription or refill.
- For the administration or injection of any drug.
- For the following injectable drugs:
  - allergy sera or extracts; and
  - Imitrex, if it is more than the 4th such kit or 8th such vial dispensed to a person in a 30 day period, or more than the 48th such kit or 96th such vial dispensed to the person in any year. For coverage of additional quantities, a member's treating physician must request prior authorization through the Pharmacy Management Precertification Unit.
- For any refill of a drug if it is more than the number of refills specified by the prescriber. Before recognizing charges, Aetna may require a new prescription or evidence as to need:
  - if the prescriber has not specified the number of refills; or
  - if the frequency or number of prescriptions or refills appears excessive under accepted medical practice standards.
- For any refill of a drug dispensed more than one year after the latest prescription for it or as permitted by the law of the jurisdiction in which the drug is dispensed.
- For any drug provided by or while the person is an inpatient in any health care facility; or for any drug provided on an outpatient basis in any health care facility to the extent benefits are paid for it under any other part of this Plan or under any other medical or prescription drug expense benefit plan carried or sponsored by your Employer.
- For any drugs which do not, by federal or state law, require a prescription order (i.e. an over-the-counter (OTC) drug), even if a prescription is written.
- Any Prescription Drug for which there is an over-the-counter (OTC) product which has the same active ingredient and strength.
- For immunization agents.
- For biological sera and blood products.
- For nutritional supplements.
- For any contraceptive drugs or any contraceptive devices unless medically necessary.
- For more than the Performance Enhancement Maximum for the unit doses per 30 day supply for the following drugs used for the treatment of erectile dysfunction, impotence, or sexual dysfunction or inadequacy:
  - sildenafil citrate;
  - phentolamine;
  - apomorphine;
  - alprostadil; or
  - any other prescription drug that is in a similar or identical class, has a similar or identical mode of action or exhibits similar or identical outcomes.
This limitation applies whether or not the prescription drug is delivered in oral, injectable, or topical (including, but not limited to, gels, creams, ointments, and patches) forms. If the drug is not taken orally, the dosage covered will be determined by Aetna based on the comparable cost for a 30 day supply of pills.

- For any drug dispensed by a mail order pharmacy for use for the treatment of erectile dysfunction, impotence, or sexual dysfunction or inadequacy.
- For any smoking cessation aids or drugs.
- For appetite suppressants.
- For performance, athletic performance or lifestyle enhancement drugs or supplies.
- For a prescription drug dispensed by a mail order pharmacy that is not a preferred (in-network) pharmacy.

**Special Comprehensive Medical Expense Coverage**

Special Comprehensive Medical Expense Coverage is merely a name for the benefits in this section. It does not provide benefits covering expenses incurred for all medical care. There are exclusions, deductibles, copayment features and stated maximum benefit amounts. These are all described in the Booklet.

The Summary of Coverage outlines the Payment Percentages that apply to the Covered Medical Expenses described below.

**Covered Medical Expenses**

They are the expenses for certain hospital and other medical services and supplies. They must be for the treatment of an injury or disease.

Only charges for Preferred (In-Network) Care are included as Covered Medical Expenses.

**Hospital Expenses**

**Inpatient Hospital Expenses**

Charges made by a hospital for giving board and room and other hospital services and supplies to a person who is confined as a full-time inpatient.

If a private room is used, the daily board and room charge will be covered if:

- the person's Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider requests the private room; and the request is approved by Aetna.

If the above procedures are not met, any part of the daily board and room charge which is more than the Private Room Limit is not covered.

**Outpatient Hospital Expenses**

Charges made by a hospital for hospital services and supplies which are given to a person who is not confined as a full-time inpatient.

**Outpatient Surgical Expenses**

Covered Medical Expenses include charges for outpatient surgical expenses to the extent shown below.

Covered Medical Expenses include charges made:

- in its own behalf by:
  - a surgery center;
  - the outpatient department of a hospital; or
  - an office based surgical facility of a physician or a dentist.

- by a physician;
- on behalf of a salaried staff physician by the outpatient department of a hospital.
For Outpatient Services and Supplies furnished in connection with a surgical procedure performed in the center or in a hospital. The procedure must meet these tests:

- It is not expected to:
  - result in extensive blood loss;
  - require major or prolonged invasion of a body cavity; or
  - involve any major blood vessels.

- It can safely and adequately be performed only in a surgery center or in a hospital or in an office based surgical facility of a physician or a dentist.
- It is not normally performed in the office of a physician or a dentist.

**Outpatient Services and Supplies**

These are:

- Services and supplies furnished by the surgery center or by a hospital on the day of the procedure.
- Services of the operating physician for performing the procedure and for:
  - related pre and postoperative care; and
  - the administering of an anesthetic.

- Services of any other physician for the administering of an anesthetic. This does not include a local anesthetic.

**Limitations**

No benefit is paid for charges incurred:

- For the services of a physician who renders technical assistance to the operating physician.
- While the person is confined as a full-time inpatient in a hospital.

**Convalescent Facility Expenses**

Charges made by a convalescent facility for the following services and supplies. They must be furnished to a person while confined to convalesce from a disease or injury.

- Board and room. This includes charges for services, such as general nursing care, made in connection with room occupancy. Not included is any charge for daily board and room in a private room over the Private Room Limit.
- Use of special treatment rooms.
- X-ray and lab work.
- Physical, occupational or speech therapy.
- Oxygen and other gas therapy.
- Other medical services usually given by a convalescent facility. This does not include private or special nursing, or physician’s services.
- Medical Supplies.

Benefits will be paid for no longer than the Convalescent Days Maximum during any one calendar year.

**Limitations to Convalescent Facility Expenses**

This section does not cover charges made for treatment of:

- Drug addiction.
- Chronic brain syndrome.
- Alcoholism.
- Senility.
- Mental retardation.
- Any other mental disorder.

**Home Health Care Expenses**

Home health care expenses are covered if:

- the charge is made by a home health care agency; and
• the care is given under a **home health care plan**; and
• the care is given to a person in his or her home.

Home health care expenses are charges for:

• Part-time or intermittent care by an **R.N.** or by an **L.P.N.** if an **R.N.** is not available.
• Part-time or intermittent home health aide services for patient care.
• Physical, occupational, and speech therapy.
• The following to the extent they would have been covered under this Plan if the person had been confined in a **hospital** or convalescent facility:
  
  medical supplies;
  
  drugs and medicines prescribed by a **physician**; and
  
  lab services provided by or for a **home health care agency**.

There is a maximum to the number of visits covered in a calendar year. Each visit by a nurse or therapist is one visit. Each visit of up to 4 hours by a home health aide is one visit.

**Limitations To Home Health Care Expenses**
This section does not cover charges made for:

• Services or supplies that are not a part of the **home health care plan**.
• Services of a person who usually lives with you or who is a member of your or your wife's or husband's family.
• Services of a social worker.
• Transportation.

**Routine Physical Exam Expenses**
The charges made by your **Primary Care Physician** or a **Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider** upon referral by your **Primary Care Physician** for a routine physical exam given to you, your spouse, or your dependent child may be included as Covered Medical Expenses. A routine physical exam is a medical exam given by a **physician** for a reason other than to diagnose or treat a suspected or identified injury or disease. Included are:

• X-rays, laboratory and other tests including a Pap Smear given in connection with the exam; and
• materials for the administration of immunizations for infectious disease and testing for tuberculosis.

For a dependent child:

To qualify as a covered physical exam, the **physician's** exam must include at least:

• a review and written record of the patient's complete medical history;
• a check of all body systems; and
• a review and discussion of the exam results with the patient or with the parent or guardian.

For all exams given to your child under age 7, Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for:

• More than 7 exams in the first year of the child's life.
• More than 2 exams in the second year of the child's life; or
• More than one exam per year during the next 5 years of the child's life.

For all exams given to your child age 7 up to age 18, Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for more than one exam in 12 months in a row.

For all exams given to your child age 18 and over, Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for more than one exam in 12 months in a row.
For you and your spouse:

For all exams given to you or your spouse, Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for more than:

- one exam in 12 months in a row for a person under age 65; and
- one exam in 12 months in a row for a person age 65 and over.

Also included as Covered Medical Expenses are charges made by a physician for one annual routine gynecological exam. Included as part of the exam is a routine Pap smear.

Not covered are charges for:

- services which are covered to any extent under any other part of this Plan or any other group plan sponsored by your Employer;
- services which are for diagnosis or treatment of a suspected or identified injury or disease;
- exams given while the person is confined in a hospital or other place for medical care;
- services not given by a physician or under his or her direction;
- medicines, drugs, appliances, equipment or supplies;
- psychiatric, psychological, personality or emotional testing or exams;
- exams in any way related to employment;
- premarital exams;
- vision, hearing or dental exams;
- a physician's office visit in connection with immunization or testing for tuberculosis; or
- services and supplies furnished by a Non-Preferred (Out-of-Network) Care Provider.

**Routine Eye Exam Expenses**

Covered Medical Expenses include charges for a complete eye exam, including refraction, which is furnished by a legally qualified ophthalmologist or optometrist to a person.

Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for more than one eye exam in 24 months in a row.

Not included are charges for:

- any eye exam to diagnose or treat a disease or injury;
- an eye exam, or any part of an eye exam, performed for the purpose of the fitting of contact lenses;
- drugs or medicines;
- any services or supplies which are included as covered expenses under any other benefit section included in this Plan or under any other plan of group benefits provided through your Employer;
- any services or supplies for which benefits are provided under any workers' compensation law or any other law of similar purpose, whether benefits are payable as to all or only part of the charges;
- any service or supply which does not meet professionally accepted standards;
- any service or supply received while the person is not covered;
- any exams given while the person is confined in a hospital or other facility for medical care;
- any eye exam required by an employer as a condition of employment, or an employer is required to provide under a labor agreement or is required by any law of a government; or
- any service or supply furnished by a Non-Preferred (Out-of-Network) Care Provider.

**Routine Hearing Exam Expenses**

Covered Medical Expenses include charges for an audiometric exam. The services must be performed by:

- a physician certified as an otolaryngologist or otologist; or
- an audiologist who either:
  - is legally qualified in audiology; or
  - holds a certificate of Clinical Competence in Audiology from the American Speech and Hearing Association in the absence of any applicable licensing requirements; and
who performs the exam at the written direction of a legally qualified otolaryngologist or otologist.

Covered Medical Expenses will not include charges for more than one hearing exam in 24 months in a row.

Not included are charges for:

- any ear or hearing exam to diagnose or treat a disease or injury;
- drugs or medicines;
- any hearing care service or supply which is a covered expense in whole or in part under any other part of this Plan or under any other plan of group benefits provided through your Employer;
- any hearing care service or supply for which a benefit is provided under any workers' compensation law or any other law of like purpose, whether benefits are payable as to all or only part of the charges;
- any hearing care service or supply which does not meet professionally accepted standards;
- any service or supply received while the person is not covered;
- any exams given while the person is confined in a hospital or other facility for medical care;
- any exam required by an employer as a condition of employment, or which an employer is required to provide under a labor agreement or is required by any law of a government, or
- any service or supply furnished by a Non-Preferred (Out-of-Network) Care Provider.

Skilled Nursing Care Expenses
The charges made by a R.N. or L.P.N. or a nursing agency for "skilled nursing services" are included as Covered Medical Expenses. No other charges made by a R.N. or L.P.N. or a nursing agency are covered. As used here, "skilled nursing services" means these services:

- Visiting nursing care by a R.N. or L.P.N. Visiting nursing care means a visit of not more than 4 hours for the purpose of performing specific skilled nursing tasks.
- Private duty nursing by a R.N. or L.P.N. if the person's condition requires skilled nursing care and visiting nursing care is not adequate.

Not included as "skilled nursing services" is:

- that part or all of any nursing care that does not require the education, training and technical skills of a R.N. or L.P.N.; such as transportation, meal preparation, charting of vital signs and companionship activities; or
- any private duty nursing care, given while the person is an inpatient in a hospital or other health care facility; or
- care provided to help a person in the activities of daily life; such as bathing, feeding, personal grooming, dressing, getting in and out of bed or a chair, or toileting; or
- care provided solely for skilled observation except as follows:

    for no more than one 4 hour period per day for a period of no more than 10 consecutive days following the occurrence of:

    change in patient medication;

    need for treatment of an emergency condition by a physician, or the onset of symptoms indicating the likely need for such services;

    surgery; or

    release from inpatient confinement; or

- any service provided solely to administer oral medicines; except where applicable law requires that such medicines be administered by a R.N. or L.P.N.

Hospice Care Expenses
Charges made for the following furnished to a person for Hospice Care when given as a part of a Hospice Care Program are included as Covered Medical Expenses.
**Facility Expenses**
The charges made in its own behalf by a:

- hospice facility;
- hospital; or
- convalescent facility;

which are for:

**Inpatient Care**
- Board and room and other services and supplies furnished to a person while a full-time inpatient for:
  
  pain control; and
  
  other acute and chronic symptom management.
  
  Not included is any charge for daily board and room in a private room over the Private Room Limit.

**Outpatient Care**
- Services and supplies furnished to a person while not confined as a full-time inpatient.

**Other Expenses For Outpatient Care**
Charges made by a **Hospice Care Agency** for:

- Part-time or intermittent nursing care by an **R.N.** or **L.P.N.**, for up to 8 hours in any one day.
- Medical social services under the direction of a **physician**. These include:
  
  assessment of the person's:
  
  social, emotional, and medical needs; and
  
  the home and family situation;
  
  identification of the community resources which are available to the person; and
  
  assisting the person to obtain those resources needed to meet the person's assessed needs.
  
  Psychological and dietary counseling.
  
  Consultation or case management services by a **physician**.
  
  Physical and occupational therapy.
  
  Part-time or intermittent home health aide services for up to 8 hours in any one day. These consist mainly of caring for the person.
  
  Medical supplies.
  
  Drugs and medicines prescribed by a **physician**.

Charges made by the providers below for Outpatient Care, but only if: the provider is not an employee of a **Hospice Care Agency**; and such Agency retains responsibility for the care of the person.

- A **physician** for consultant or case management services.
- A physical or occupational therapist.
- A Home Health Care Agency for:
  
  physical and occupational therapy;
  
  part-time or intermittent home health aide services for up to 8 hours in any one day; these consist mainly of caring for the person;
  
  medical supplies;
drugs and medicines prescribed by a **physician**; and psychological and dietary counseling.

Not included are charges made:

- For bereavement counseling.
- For funeral arrangements.
- For pastoral counseling.
- For financial or legal counseling. This includes estate planning and the drafting of a will.
- For homemaker or caretaker services. These are services which are not solely related to care of the person. These include sitter or companion services for either the person who is ill or other members of the family; transportation; housecleaning; and maintenance of the house.
- For respite care. This is care furnished during a period of time when the person's family or usual caretaker cannot, or will not, attend to the person's needs.

**Outpatient Short-Term Rehabilitation Expense Coverage**

The charges made by:

- a **physician**; or
- a licensed or certified physical, occupational or speech therapist;

for the following services for treatment of acute conditions are **Covered Medical Expenses**.

Short-term rehabilitation is therapy which is expected to result in the improvement of a body function (including the restoration of the level of an existing speech function), which has been lost or impaired due to:

- an injury;
- a disease; or
- congenital defect.

Short-term rehabilitation services consist of:

- physical therapy;
- occupational therapy, or
- speech therapy.

furnished to a person who is not confined as an inpatient in a **hospital** or other facility for medical care. This therapy shall be expected to result in significant improvement of the person's condition within 60 days from the date the therapy begins.

Not covered are charges for:

- Services which are covered to any extent under any other part of this Plan.
- Any services which are covered expenses in whole or in part under any other group plan sponsored by an Employer.
- Services received while the person is confined in a **hospital** or other facility for medical care.
- Services not performed by a **physician** or under his or her direct supervision.
- Services rendered by a physical, occupational, or speech therapist who resides in the person's home or who is a part of the family of either the person or the person's spouse.
- Services rendered for the treatment of delays in speech development, unless resulting from:

  - disease;
  - injury; or
  - congenital defect.

- Special education, including lessons in sign language, to instruct a person whose ability to speak has been lost or impaired to function without that ability.
• Treatment for which a benefit is or would be provided under the Spinal Disorder Treatment Benefit section, whether or not benefits for the maximum number of visits under that section have been paid.

Also, not covered are any services unless they are provided in accordance with a specific treatment plan which:

• details the treatment to be rendered and the frequency and duration of the treatment.
• provides for ongoing reviews and is renewed only if therapy is still necessary.

**Spinal Disorder Treatment Benefit**

Covered Medical Expenses include charges incurred for:

• manipulative (adjustive) treatment; or
• other physical treatment;

of any condition caused by or related to biomechanical or nerve conduction disorders of the spine.

Not more than the maximum amount shown in the Summary of Coverage will be payable for all expenses incurred in connection with such treatment

The maximum does not apply to expenses incurred:

• while the person is a full-time inpatient in a hospital;
• for treatment of scoliosis;
• for fracture care; or
• for surgery. This includes pre and post surgical care given or ordered by the operating physician.

**Acupuncture Services**

Charges for acupuncture services furnished to a person are considered Covered Medical Expenses if they are rendered by a physician:

• As a form of anesthetic in connection with surgery that is covered under this Plan; or
• To treat or to alleviate the chronic pain associated with the following:
  
  sciatica;

  neuritis;

  severe migraine headaches;

  neuralgia;

  osteo-arthritis;

  osteo-rheumatoid arthritis;

  facial complaints;

  tic douloureux; or

  multiple sclerosis.

For the purposes of the acupuncture services above, a physician will include an acupuncturist certified by the American Association of Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine, who is practicing within the scope of both his certification and the laws of the jurisdiction where treatment is given.

**Other Medical Expenses**

• Charges made by a physician.
• Charges for the following:

  Diagnostic lab work and X-rays.
X-ray, radium, and radioactive isotope therapy.

Anesthetics and oxygen.

Rental of **durable medical and surgical equipment**. In lieu of rental, the following may be covered:

- The initial purchase of such equipment if Aetna is shown that: long term care is planned; and that such equipment: either cannot be rented; or is likely to cost less to purchase than to rent.
- Repair of purchased equipment.
- Replacement of purchased equipment if Aetna is shown that it is needed due to a change in the person's physical condition; or it is likely to cost less to purchase a replacement than to repair existing equipment or to rent like equipment.

Professional ambulance service to transport a person from the place where he or she is injured or stricken by disease to the first **hospital** where treatment is given.

Artificial limbs and eyes. Not included are charges for:

- eyeglasses;
- vision aids;
- hearing aids;
- communication aids; and
- orthopedic shoes or other devices to support the feet, other than medically necessary foot orthotics.

**National Medical Excellence Program ® (NME)**

The NME Program coordinates all solid organ and bone marrow transplants and other specialized care that can not be provided within an **NME Patient's** local geographic area. When care is directed to a facility ("Medical Facility") more than 100 miles from the person's home, this Plan will pay a benefit for Travel and Lodging Expenses, but only to the extent described below.

**Travel Expenses**

These are expenses incurred by an **NME Patient** for transportation between his or her home and the Medical Facility to receive services in connection with a procedure or treatment.

Also included are expenses incurred by a **Companion** for transportation when traveling to and from an **NME Patient’s** home and the Medical Facility to receive such services.

**Lodging Expenses**

These are expenses incurred by an **NME Patient** for lodging away from home while traveling between his or her home and the Medical Facility to receive services in connection with a procedure or treatment.

The benefit payable for these expenses will not exceed the Lodging Expenses Maximum per person per night.

Also included are expenses incurred by a **Companion** for lodging away from home:

- while traveling with an **NME Patient** between the **NME Patient’s** home and the Medical Facility to receive services in connection with any listed procedure or treatment; or
- when the **Companion’s** presence is required to enable an **NME Patient** to receive such services from the Medical Facility on an inpatient or outpatient basis.

The benefit payable for these expenses will not exceed the Lodging Expenses Maximum per person per night.
For the purpose of determining NME Travel Expenses or Lodging Expenses, a hospital or other temporary residence from which an NME Patient travels in order to begin a period of treatment at the Medical Facility, or to which he or she travels after discharge at the end of a period of treatment, will be considered to be the NME Patient’s home.

**Travel and Lodging Benefit Maximum**

For all Travel Expenses and Lodging Expenses incurred in connection with any one procedure or treatment type:

- The total benefit payable will not exceed the Travel and Lodging Maximum per episode of care.
- Benefits will be payable only for such expenses incurred during a period which begins on the day a covered person becomes an NME Patient and ends on the earlier to occur of:

  - one year after the day the procedure is performed; and
  - the date the NME Patient ceases to receive any services from the facility in connection with the procedure.

**Limitations**

Travel Expenses and Lodging Expenses do not include, and no benefits are payable for, any charges which are included as Covered Medical Expenses under any other part of this Plan.

Travel Expenses do not include expenses incurred by more than one Companion who is traveling with the NME Patient.

Lodging Expenses do not include expenses incurred by more than one Companion per night.

**Explanation of Some Important Plan Provisions**

**Inpatient Facility Copay**

This is the amount of Inpatient Facility Expenses you pay for each hospital or each treatment facility confinement of a person.

**Hospital Emergency Room Copay**

A separate Hospital Emergency Room Copay applies to each visit for emergency room care, by a person to a hospital's emergency room, unless the person is admitted to the hospital as an inpatient immediately following a visit to a hospital emergency room.

**Urgent Care Copay**

A separate Urgent Care Copay applies to each visit for urgent care by a person to an Urgent Care Provider unless the person is admitted to the hospital as an inpatient immediately following a visit to an Urgent Care Provider.

**Limitations**

**Routine Mammogram and Prostate Cancer Screening**

Even though not incurred in connection with a disease or injury, Covered Medical Expenses include:

- One mammogram each calendar year, for a person age 40 or over.
- by a male age 40 or over in connection with an annual screening for cancer of the prostate, including:
  - a digital rectal exam, and
  - a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test.

**Mouth, Jaws and Teeth**

Expenses for the treatment of the mouth, jaws, and teeth are Covered Medical Expenses, but only those for:

- services rendered; and
- supplies needed;

for the following treatment of or related to conditions of the:

- teeth, mouth, jaws, jaw joints; or
- supporting tissues (this includes bones, muscles, and nerves).
For these expenses, "physician" includes a dentist.

Surgery needed to:

• Treat a fracture, dislocation, or wound.
• Cut out:
  
  teeth partly or completely impacted in the bone of the jaw;
  
  teeth that will not erupt through the gum;
  
  other teeth that cannot be removed without cutting into bone;
  
  the roots of a tooth without removing the entire tooth;
  
  cysts, tumors, or other diseased tissues.

• Cut into gums and tissues of the mouth. This is only covered when not done in connection with the removal, replacement or repair of teeth.
• Alter the jaw, jaw joints, or bite relationships by a cutting procedure when appliance therapy alone cannot result in functional improvement.

Non-surgical treatment of infections or diseases. This does not include those of or related to the teeth.

Dental work, surgery and orthodontic treatment needed to remove, repair, replace, restore or reposition:

• natural teeth damaged, lost, or removed; or
• other body tissues of the mouth fractured or cut;

due to injury.

Any such teeth must have been:

• free from decay; or
• in good repair; and
• firmly attached to the jaw bone at the time of the injury.

The treatment must be done in the calendar year of the accident or the next one.

If:

• crowns (caps); or
• dentures (false teeth); or
• bridgework; or
• in-mouth appliances;

are installed due to such injury, Covered Medical Expenses include only charges for:

• the first denture or fixed bridgework to replace lost teeth;
• the first crown needed to repair each damaged tooth; and
• an in-mouth appliance used in the first course of orthodontic treatment after the injury.

Except as provided for injury, not included are charges:

• for in-mouth appliances, crowns, bridgework, dentures, tooth restorations, or any related fitting or adjustment services; whether or not the purpose of such services or supplies is to relieve pain;
• for root canal therapy;
• for routine tooth removal (not needing cutting of bone).
Not included are charges:

- to remove, repair, replace, restore or reposition teeth lost or damaged in the course of biting or chewing;
- to repair, replace, or restore fillings, crowns, dentures or bridgework;
- for non-surgical periodontal treatment;
- for dental cleaning, in-mouth scaling, planing or scraping;
- for myofunctional therapy; this is:

  muscle training therapy; or

  training to correct or control harmful habits.

**Emergency Room Treatment**

*Emergency Care*

If treatment:

- is received in the emergency room of a hospital while a person is not a full-time inpatient; and
- the treatment is emergency care;

Covered Medical Expenses for charges made by the hospital for such treatment will be paid at the Payment Percentage.

**Non-Emergency Care**

If treatment:

- is received in the emergency room of a hospital while a person is not a full-time inpatient; and
- the treatment is not emergency care;

no benefits will be payable.

**Treatment by an Urgent Care Provider**

You should not seek medical care or treatment from an Urgent Care Provider if your illness; injury; or condition; is an emergency condition. Please go directly to the emergency room of a hospital or call 911 (or the local equivalent) for ambulance and medical assistance.

**Urgent Care**

This Plan pays for the charges made by an Urgent Care Provider to evaluate and treat an urgent condition.

When travel to an Urgent Care Provider for treatment of an urgent condition is not feasible, such treatment may be paid at the Preferred (In-Network) level of benefits. If a claim for treatment of an urgent condition is paid at the Non-Preferred (Out-of-Network) level and you believe that it should have been paid at the Preferred (In-Network) level, please contact Members Services at the toll-free number on your I.D. card.

Please contact your Primary Care Physician after medical care is provided to treat an urgent condition.

**Non-Urgent Care**

Covered Medical Expenses for charges made by an Urgent Care Provider to treat a non-urgent condition will be paid on the same basis as those made by a provider who is not a Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider.

Non-urgent care includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- routine or preventive care (this includes immunizations);
- follow-up care;
- physical therapy;
- elective surgical procedures; and
- any lab and radiologic exams which are not related to the treatment of the urgent condition.
Treatment of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse, or Mental Disorders
Certain expenses for the treatment shown below are Covered Medical Expenses.

Inpatient Treatment
If a person is a full-time inpatient either:

• in a hospital; or
• in a residential treatment facility;

then the coverage is as shown below.

Hospital
Expenses for the following are covered:

• Treatment of the medical complications of alcoholism or drug abuse. This means things such as cirrhosis of the liver, delirium tremens, or hepatitis.
• Effective treatment of alcoholism or drug abuse.
• Treatment of mental disorders.

Residential Treatment Facility
Certain expenses for the effective treatment of alcoholism or drug abuse or the treatment of mental disorders are covered. The expenses covered are those for:

• Board and room. Not covered is any charge for daily board and room in a private room over the Private Room Limit.
• Other necessary services and supplies.

Calendar Year Maximum Benefit
An Inpatient Calendar Year Maximum Days applies to the hospital and residential treatment facility expenses described above.

Outpatient Treatment
If a person is not a full-time inpatient either:

• in a hospital; or
• in a residential treatment facility;

then the coverage is as shown below.

Expenses for the effective treatment of alcoholism or drug abuse or the treatment of mental disorders are covered.

For such treatment given by a hospital, residential treatment facility or physician, benefits will not be payable for more than the Outpatient Calendar Year Maximum Visits in any one calendar year.

General Exclusions

General Exclusions Applicable to Health Expense Coverage
Coverage is not provided for the following charges:

• Those for services and supplies not necessary, as determined by Aetna, for the diagnosis, care, or treatment of the disease or injury involved. This applies even if they are prescribed, recommended, or approved by the person's attending physician or dentist.
• Those for care, treatment, services, or supplies that are not prescribed, recommended, or approved by the person's attending physician or dentist.
• Those for or in connection with services or supplies that are, as determined by Aetna, to be experimental or investigational. A drug, a device, a procedure, or treatment will be determined to be experimental or investigational if:

there are insufficient outcomes data available from controlled clinical trials published in the peer reviewed literature to substantiate its safety and effectiveness for the disease or injury involved; or
if required by the FDA, approval has not been granted for marketing; or

a recognized national medical or dental society or regulatory agency has determined, in writing, that it is experimental, investigational, or for research purposes; or

the written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility, or the protocol or protocols of any other facility studying substantially the same drug, device, procedure, or treatment, or the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying the same drug, device, procedure, or treatment states that it is experimental, investigational, or for research purposes.

However, this exclusion will not apply with respect to services or supplies (other than drugs) received in connection with a disease; if Aetna determines that:

the disease can be expected to cause death within one year, in the absence of effective treatment; and

the care or treatment is effective for that disease or shows promise of being effective for that disease as demonstrated by scientific data. In making this determination Aetna will take into account the results of a review by a panel of independent medical professionals. They will be selected by Aetna. This panel will include professionals who treat the type of disease involved.

Also, this exclusion will not apply with respect to drugs that:

have been granted treatment investigational new drug (IND) or Group c/treatment IND status; or

are being studied at the Phase III level in a national clinical trial sponsored by the National Cancer Institute;

if Aetna determines that available scientific evidence demonstrates that the drug is effective or shows promise of being effective for the disease.

• Those for or related to services, treatment, education testing, or training related to learning disabilities or developmental delays.
• Those for care furnished mainly to provide a surrounding free from exposure that can worsen the person's disease or injury.
• Those for or related to the following types of treatment: primal therapy; rolfing; psychodrama; megavitamin therapy; bioenergetic therapy; vision perception training; or carbon dioxide therapy.
• Those for treatment of covered health care providers who specialize in the mental health care field and who receive treatment as a part of their training in that field.
• Those for services of a resident physician or intern rendered in that capacity.
• Those that are made only because there is health coverage.
• Those that a covered person is not legally obliged to pay.
• Those, as determined by Aetna, to be for custodial care.
• Those for services and supplies:

  Furnished, paid for, or for which benefits are provided or required by reason of the past or present service of any person in the armed forces of a government.

  Furnished, paid for, or for which benefits are provided or required under any law of a government. (This exclusion will not apply to "no fault" auto insurance if it: is required by law; is provided on other than a group basis; and is included in the definition of Other Plan in the section entitled Effect of Benefits Under Other Plans Not Including Medicare. In addition, this exclusion will not apply to: a plan established by government for its own employees or their dependents; or Medicaid.)

  • Those for or related to any eye surgery mainly to correct refractive errors.
  • Those for education or special education or job training whether or not given in a facility that also provides medical or psychiatric treatment.
  • Those for therapy, supplies, or counseling for sexual dysfunctions or inadequacies that do not have a physiological or organic basis.
Those for any drugs or supplies used for the treatment of erectile dysfunction, impotence, or sexual dysfunction or inadequacy, including but not limited to:

- sildenafil citrate;
- phentolamine;
- apomorphine;
- alprostadil; or
- any other drug that
  is in a similar or identical class,
  has a similar or identical mode of action or exhibits similar or identical outcomes.

This exclusion applies whether or not the drug is delivered in oral, injectable, or topical (including but not limited to gels, creams, ointments, and patches) forms, except to the extent coverage for such drugs or supplies is specifically provided in your Booklet.

- Those for performance, athletic performance or lifestyle enhancement drugs or supplies, except to the extent coverage for such drugs or supplies is specifically provided in your Booklet.
- Those for or related to sex change surgery or to any treatment of gender identity disorders.
- Those for or related to artificial insemination, in vitro fertilization, or embryo transfer procedures, except to the extent coverage for such procedures is specifically provided in your Booklet.
- Those for routine physical exams, routine vision exams, routine dental exams, routine hearing exams, immunizations, or other preventive services and supplies, except to the extent coverage for such exams, immunizations, services, or supplies is specifically provided in your Booklet.
- Those for or in connection with marriage, family, child, career, social adjustment, pastoral, or financial counseling. This exclusion does not apply to the extent such counseling is provided by a recognized practitioner for the treatment of a mental disorder under the Treatment of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse, or Mental Disorders section of your Booklet. Please note that marriage, family, child, career, social adjustment, and financial counselors are not recognized practitioners under this Plan.
- Those for acupuncture therapy. Not excluded is acupuncture when it is performed by a physician as a form of anesthesia in connection with surgery that is covered under this Plan.
- Those for or in connection with speech therapy. This exclusion does not apply to charges for speech therapy that is expected to restore speech to a person who has lost existing speech function (the ability to express thoughts, speak words, and form sentences) as the result of a disease or injury.
- Those for services and supplies that, in the opinion of the Claims Administrator or its authorized representative, are associated with injuries, illness, or conditions suffered due to the acts or omissions of a third party.
- Those for plastic surgery, reconstructive surgery, cosmetic surgery, or other services and supplies which improve, alter, or enhance appearance, whether or not for psychological or emotional reasons; except to the extent needed to:

  Improve the function of a part of the body that:
  is not a tooth or structure that supports the teeth; and
  is malformed:
  as a result of a severe birth defect; including cleft lip, webbed fingers, or toes; or
  as a direct result of:
  disease; or
  surgery performed to treat a disease or injury.

  Repair an injury. Surgery must be performed:
  in the calendar year of the accident which causes the injury; or
  in the next calendar year.

- Those to the extent they are not reasonable charges, as determined by Aetna.
- Those for the reversal of a sterilization procedure.
• Those for a service or supply furnished by a **Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider** in excess of such provider's **Negotiated Charge** for that service or supply. This exclusion will not apply to any service or supply for which a benefit is provided under Medicare before the benefits of the group contract are paid.

Any exclusion above will not apply to the extent that coverage of the charges is required under any law that applies to the coverage.

These excluded charges will not be used when figuring benefits.

The law of the jurisdiction where a person lives when a claim occurs may prohibit some benefits. If so, they will not be paid.
Effect of Benefits Under Other Plans

Coordination of Benefits - Other Plans Not Including Medicare

Benefits Subject To This Provision: This Coordination of Benefits (COB) provision applies to This Plan when an employee or the employee’s covered dependent has medical and/or dental coverage under more than one Plan. “Plan” and “This Plan” are defined herein.

The Order of Benefit Determination Rules below determines which plan will pay as the primary plan. The primary plan pays first without regard to the possibility that another plan may cover some expenses. A secondary plan pays after the primary plan and may reduce the benefits it pays so that payments from all group plans do not exceed 100% of the total allowable expense.

Definitions. When used in this provision, the following words and phrases have the meaning explained herein.

Allowable Expense means a health care service or expense, including deductibles, coinsurance and copayments, that is covered at least in part by any of the Plans covering the person. When a Plan provides benefits in the form of services (for example an HMO), the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an allowable expense and a benefit paid. An expense or service that is not covered by any of the Plans is not an allowable expense. The following are examples of expenses and services that are not allowable expenses:

1. If a covered person is confined in a private hospital room, the difference between the cost of a semi-private room in the hospital and the private room (unless the patient’s stay in the private hospital room is medically necessary in terms of generally accepted medical practice, or one of the Plans routinely provides coverage of hospital private rooms) is not an allowable expense.

2. If a person is covered by 2 or more Plans that compute their benefit payments on the basis of reasonable or recognized charges, any amount in excess of the highest of the reasonable or recognized charges for a specific benefit is not an allowable expense.

3. If a person is covered by 2 or more Plans that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated charges, an amount in excess of the highest of the negotiated charges is not an allowable expense, unless the secondary plan’s provider’s contract prohibits any billing in excess of the provider’s agreed upon rates.

4. If a person is covered by one Plan that calculates its benefits or services on the basis of reasonable or recognized charges and another Plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated charges, the primary Plan’s payment arrangements shall be the allowable expense for all the Plans.

5. The amount a benefit is reduced by the primary Plan because a covered person does not comply with the Plan provisions. Examples of these provisions are second surgical opinions, precertification of admissions, and preferred provider arrangements.

When a plan provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service rendered shall be deemed an allowable expense and a benefit paid.

Claim Determination Period means the Calendar Year.

Closed Panel Plan. A plan that provides health benefits to covered persons primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the plan, and that limits or excludes benefits for services provided by other providers, except in cases of emergency or referral by a panel member.

Custodial Parent. A parent awarded custody by a court decree. In the absence of a court decree, it is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary visitation.
**Plan.** Any Plan providing benefits or services by reason of medical or dental care or treatment, which benefits or services are provided by one of the following:

A. Group, blanket, or franchise health insurance policies issued by insurers, including health care service contractors;
B. Other prepaid coverage under service plan contracts, or under group or individual practice;
C. Uninsured arrangements of group or group-type coverage;
D. Labor-management trusted plans, labor organization plans, employer organization plans, or employee benefit organization plans;
E. Medical benefits coverage in a group, group-type, and individual automobile “no-fault” and traditional automobile “fault” type contracts;
F. Medicare or other governmental benefits;
G. Other group-type contracts. Group type contracts are those which are not available to the general public and can be obtained and maintained only because membership in or connection with a particular organization or group.

If the contract includes both medical and dental coverage, those coverages will be considered separate plans. The Medical/Pharmacy coverage will be coordinated with other Medical/Pharmacy plans. In turn, the dental coverage will be coordinated with other dental plans.

**This Plan** is any part of the policy that provides benefits for health care expenses.

**Primary Plan/Secondary Plan.** The order of benefit determination rules state whether This Plan is a Primary Plan or Secondary Plan as to another Plan covering the person.

When This Plan is a Primary Plan, its benefits are determined before those of the other Plan and without considering the other Plan’s benefits.

When This Plan is a Secondary Plan, its benefits are determined after those of the other Plan and may be reduced because of the other Plan’s benefits.

When there are more than two Plans covering the person, This Plan may be a Primary Plan as to one or more other Plans, and may be a Secondary Plan as to a different Plan or Plans.

**Order Of Benefit Determination.**

When two or more plans pay benefits, the rules for determining the order of payment are as follows:

A. The primary plan pays or provides its benefits as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist.

B. A plan that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision that is consistent with this provision is always primary. There is one exception: coverage that is obtained by virtue of membership in a group that is designed to supplement a part of a basic package of benefits may provide that the supplementary coverage shall be excess to any other parts of the plan provided by the contract holder. Examples of these types of situations are major medical coverages that are superimposed over base plan hospital and surgical benefits, and insurance type coverages that are written in connection with a closed panel plan to provide out-of-network benefits.

C. A plan may consider the benefits paid or provided by another plan in determining its benefits only when it is secondary to that other plan.

D. The first of the following rules that describes which plan pays its benefits before another plan is the rule to use:

1. **Non-Dependent or Dependent.** The plan that covers the person other than as a dependent, for example as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is primary and the plan that covers the person as a dependent is secondary. However, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the plan covering the person as a dependent; and primary to the plan covering the person as other than a dependent (e.g. a retired employee); then the order of benefits between the two plans is reversed so that the plan covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is secondary and the other plan is primary.
(2) Child Covered Under More Than One Plan. The order of benefits when a child is covered by more than one plan is:

(a) The primary plan is the plan of the parent whose birthday is earlier in the year if:

- The parents are married;
- The parents are not separated (whether or not they ever have been married); or
- A court decree awards joint custody without specifying that one party has the responsibility to provide health care coverage.

If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that covered either of the parents longer is primary.

(b) If the specific terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the child’s health care expenses or health care coverage and the plan of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that plan is primary. This rule applies to claim determination periods or plan years commencing after the plan is given notice of the court decree.

(c) If the parents are not married, or are separated (whether or not they ever have been married) or are divorced, the order of benefits is:

- The plan of the custodial parent;
- The plan of the spouse of the custodial parent;
- The plan of the noncustodial parent; and then
- The plan of the spouse of the noncustodial parent.

(3) Active or Inactive Employee. The plan that covers a person as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, is primary. The same would hold true if a person is a dependent of a person covered as a retiree and an employee. If the other plan does not have this rule, and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. Coverage provided an individual as a retired worker and as a dependent of an actively working spouse will be determined under the above rule labeled D(1).

(4) Continuation Coverage. If a person whose coverage is provided under a right of continuation provided by federal or state law also is covered under another plan, the plan covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree (or as that person’s dependent) is primary, and the continuation coverage is secondary. If the other plan does not have this rule, and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored.

(5) Longer or Shorter Length of Coverage. The plan that covered the person as an employee, member, subscriber longer is primary.

(6) If the preceding rules do not determine the primary plan, the allowable expenses shall be shared equally between the plans meeting the definition of plan under this provision. In addition, this plan will not pay more than it would have paid had it been primary.

Effect On Benefits Of This Plan.

A. When this plan is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all plans during a claim determination period are not more than 100 percent of total allowable expenses. The difference between the benefit payments that this plan would have paid had it been the primary plan, and the benefit payments that it actually paid or provided shall be recorded as a benefit reserve for the covered person and used by this plan to pay any allowable expenses, not otherwise paid during the claim determination period. As each claim is submitted, this plan will:

(1) Determine its obligation to pay or provide benefits under its contract;

(2) Determine whether a benefit reserve has been recorded for the covered person; and

(3) Determine whether there are any unpaid allowable expenses during that claims determination period.
B. If a covered person is enrolled in two or more closed panel plans and if, for any reason, including the provision of service by a non-panel provider, benefits are not payable by one closed panel plan, COB shall not apply between that plan and other closed panel plans.

Right To Receive And Release Needed Information.

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these COB rules and to determine benefits under this plan and other plans. Aetna has the right to release or obtain any information and make or recover any payments it considers necessary in order to administer this provision.

Facility Of Payment.

Any payment made under another Plan may include an amount which should have been paid under This Plan. If so, Aetna may pay that amount to the organization, which made that payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid under This Plan. Aetna will not have to pay that amount again. The term “payment made” means reasonable cash value of the benefits provided in the form of services.

Right of Recovery.

If the amount of the payments made by Aetna is more than it should have paid under this COB provision, it may recover the excess from one or more of the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid; or any other person or organization that may be responsible for the benefits or services provided for the covered person. The “amount of the payments made” includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Effect of Medicare

Health Expense Coverage will be changed for any person while eligible for Medicare.

A person is "eligible for Medicare" if he or she:

• is covered under it;
• is not covered under it because of:
  having refused it;
  having dropped it;
  having failed to make proper request for it.

These are the changes:

• All health expenses covered under this Plan will be reduced by any Medicare benefits available for those expenses. This will be done before the health benefits of this Plan are figured.
• Charges used to satisfy a person's Part B deductible under Medicare will be applied under this Plan in the order received by Aetna. Two or more charges received at the same time will be applied starting with the largest first.
• Medicare benefits will be taken into account for any person while he or she is eligible for Medicare. This will be done whether or not he or she is enrolled in Medicare benefits.
• Any rule for coordinating "other plan" benefits with those under this Plan will be applied after this Plan's benefits have been figured under the above rules. Allowable Expenses will be reduced by any Medicare benefits available for those expenses.

Coverage will not be changed at any time when your Employer's compliance with federal law requires this Plan's benefits for a person to be figured before benefits are figured under Medicare.

Effect of Prior Coverage - Transferred Business

If the coverage of any person under any part of this Plan replaces any prior coverage of the person, the rules below apply to that part.
"Prior coverage" is any plan of group accident and health coverage that has been replaced by coverage under part or all of this Plan; it must have been sponsored by your Employer (i.e., transferred business). The replacement can be complete or in part for the Eligible Class to which you belong. Any such plan is prior coverage if provided by another group contract or any benefit section of this Plan.

Coverage under any section of this Plan will be in exchange for all privileges and benefits provided under any like prior coverage. Any benefits provided under such prior coverage may reduce benefits payable under this Plan.
General Information About Your Coverage

Termination of Coverage
Coverage under this Plan terminates at the end of the month during which the first of the following occurs:

• When employment ceases.
• When the group contract terminates as to the coverage.
• When you are no longer in an Eligible Class. (This may apply to all or part of your coverage.)
• When you fail to make any required contribution.

Your Employer will notify Aetna of the date your employment ceases for the purposes of termination of coverage under this Plan. This date will be either the date you cease active work or the day before the next service fee due date following the date you cease active work. Your Employer will use the same rule for all employees. If you are not at work on this date due to one of the following, employment may be deemed to continue up to the limits shown below.

If you are not at work due to disease or injury, your employment may be continued until stopped by your Employer. Medical coverage will be continued for employees on a vendor approved Long Term Disability.

If you are not at work due to temporary lay-off or leave of absence (see separate section on FMLA), your employment may continue until stopped by your Employer, but not beyond the end of the calendar month after the calendar month in which the absence started.

If you are not at work due to an approved sabbatical, your employment may continue until stopped by your Employer, but not beyond two years from the start of the absence.

The Summary of Coverage may show an Eligible Class of retired employees. If you are in that class, your employment may be deemed to continue:

• for any coverage shown in the Retirement Eligibility section; and
• subject to any limits shown in that section.

If no Eligible Class of retired employees is shown, there is no coverage for retired employees.

If you cease active work, ask your Employer if any coverage can be continued.

Dependents Coverage Only
A dependent's coverage will terminate at the first to occur of:

• Termination of all dependents' coverage under this Plan.
• When a dependent becomes covered as an employee.
• When such person is no longer a defined dependent.
• When your coverage terminates.

A "domestic partner" will no longer be considered to be a defined dependent on the earlier to occur of:

• The date this Plan no longer allows coverage for domestic partners.
• The date of termination of the domestic partnership. In that event, you should provide your Employer with a completed and signed Declaration of Termination of Domestic Partnership.
Handicapped Dependent Children
Health Expense Coverage for your fully handicapped dependent child may be continued past the maximum age for a dependent child. However, such coverage may not be continued if the child has been issued a personal medical conversion policy.

Your child is fully handicapped if:

• he or she is not able to earn his or her own living because of mental retardation or a physical handicap which started prior to the date he or she reaches the maximum age for dependent children; and
• he or she depends chiefly on you for support and maintenance.

Proof that your child is fully handicapped must be submitted to Aetna no later than 31 days after the date your child reaches the maximum age.

Coverage will cease on the first to occur of:

• Cessation of the handicap.
• Failure to give proof that the handicap continues.
• Failure to have any required exam.
• Termination of Dependent Coverage as to your child for any reason other than reaching the maximum age.

Aetna will have the right to require proof of the continuation of the handicap. Aetna also has the right to examine your child as often as needed while the handicap continues at its own expense. An exam will not be required more often than once each year after 2 years from the date your child reached the maximum age.

Health Expense Benefits After Termination
If a person is totally disabled when his or her Health Expense Coverage ceases, benefits will be available to such person while he or she continues to be totally disabled for up to the applicable period shown below, but, with respect to Medical Expense benefits, only as to expenses incurred in connection with the injury or disease that caused the total disability.

The words "totally disabled" mean that due to injury or disease:
You are not able to engage in your customary occupation and are not working for pay or profit.
Your dependent is not able to engage in most of the normal activities of a person of like age and sex in good health.

Health Expense benefits will be available to him or her while disabled for up to 90 days.

Health Expense benefits will cease when the person becomes covered under any group plan with like benefits. (This does not apply if his or her coverage ceased because the benefit section ceased as to your Eligible Class.)

Type of Coverage
Coverage under this Plan is non-occupational. Only non-occupational accidental injuries and non-occupational diseases are covered. Any coverage for charges for services and supplies is provided only if they are furnished to a person while covered.

Conditions that are related to pregnancy may be covered under this Plan. The Summary of Coverage will say if they are.

Physical Examinations
Aetna will have the right and opportunity to have a physician or dentist of its choice examine any person for whom certification or benefits have been requested. This will be done at all reasonable times while certification or a claim for benefits is pending or under review. This will be done at no cost to you.

Legal Action
No legal action can be brought to recover under any benefit after 3 years from the deadline for filing claims.

Aetna will not try to reduce or deny a benefit payment on the grounds that a condition existed before a person's coverage went into effect, if the loss occurs more than 2 years from the date coverage commenced. This will not apply to conditions excluded from coverage on the date of the loss.
**Additional Provisions**
The following additional provisions apply to your coverage.

- You cannot receive multiple coverage under this Plan because you are connected with more than one Employer.
- In the event of a misstatement of any fact affecting your coverage under this Plan, the true facts will be used to determine the coverage in force.

This document describes the main features of this Plan. Additional provisions are described elsewhere in the Plan Document on file with your Employer. If you have any questions about the terms of this Plan or about the proper payment of benefits, you may obtain more information from your Employer.

Your Employer hopes to continue this Plan indefinitely but, as with all group plans, this Plan may be changed or discontinued as to all or any class of employees.

**Assignments**
Coverage may be assigned only with the written consent of Aetna.

**Subrogation and Right of Recovery Provision**

**Definitions**
As used throughout this provision, the term “Responsible Party” means any party actually, possibly, or potentially responsible for making any payment to a Covered Person due to a Covered Person’s injury, illness, or condition. The term “Responsible Party” includes the liability insurer of such party or any insurance coverage.

For purposes of this provision, the term “Insurance Coverage” refers to any coverage providing medical expense coverage or liability coverage including, but not limited to, uninsured motorist coverage, underinsured motorist coverage, personal umbrella coverage, medical payments coverage, workers compensation coverage, no-fault automobile insurance coverage, or any first party insurance coverage.

For purposes of this provision, a “Covered Person” includes anyone on whose behalf the plan pays or provides any benefit including, but not limited to, the minor child or dependent of any plan member or person entitled to receive any benefits from the plan.

**Subrogation**
Immediately upon paying or providing any benefit under this plan, the plan shall be subrogated to (stand in the place of) all rights of recovery a Covered Person has against any Responsible Party with respect to any payment made by the Responsible Party to a Covered Person due to a Covered Person’s injury, illness, or condition to the full extent of benefits provided or to be provided by the plan.

**Reimbursement**
In addition, if a Covered Person receives any payment from any Responsible Party or Insurance Coverage as a result of an injury, illness, or condition, the plan has the right to recover from, and be reimbursed by, the Covered Person for all amounts this plan has paid and will pay as a result of that injury, illness, or condition, up to and including the full amount the Covered Person receives from any Responsible Party.

**Constructive Trust**
By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to the Covered Person or made on behalf of the Covered Person to any provider) from the plan, the Covered Person agrees that if he or she receives any payment from any Responsible Party as a result of an injury, illness, or condition, he or she will serve as a constructive trustee over the funds that constitutes such payment. Failure to hold such funds in trust will be deemed a breach of the Covered Person’s fiduciary duty to the plan.

**Lien Rights**
Further, the plan will automatically have a lien to the extent of benefits paid by the plan for the treatment of the illness, injury, or condition for which the Responsible Party is liable. The lien shall be imposed upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment, or otherwise, including from any Insurance Coverage, related to treatment for any illness, injury, or condition for which the plan paid benefits. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the plan including, but not limited to, the Covered Person, the Covered Person’s representative or agent; Responsible Party; Responsible Party’s insurer, representative, or agent; and/or any other source possessing funds representing the amount of benefits paid by the plan.
First-Priority Claim
By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to the Covered Person or made on behalf of the Covered Person to any provider) from the plan, the Covered Person acknowledges that this plan’s recovery rights are a first priority claim against all Responsible Parties and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for the Covered Person’s damages. This plan shall be entitled to full reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any Responsible Party’s payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to the Covered Person which is insufficient to make the Covered Person whole or to compensate the Covered Person in part or in whole for the damages sustained. The plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to any attorney hired by the Covered Person to pursue the Covered Person’s damage claim.

Applicability to All Settlements and Judgments
The terms of this entire subrogation and right of recovery provision shall apply and the plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted by any Responsible Party and regardless of whether the settlement or judgment received by the Covered Person identifies the medical benefits the plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as pain and suffering, non-economic damages, and/or general damages only.

Cooperation
The Covered Person shall fully cooperate with the plan’s efforts to recover its benefits paid. It is the duty of the Covered Person to notify the plan within 30 days of the date when any notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of the Covered Person’s intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to injury, illness, or condition sustained by the Covered Person. The Covered Person and his or her agents shall provide all information requested by the plan, the Claims Administrator or its representative including, but not limited to, completing and submitting any applications or other forms or statements as the plan may reasonably request. Failure to provide this information may result in the termination of health benefits for the Covered Person or the institution of court proceedings against the Covered Person.

The Covered Person shall do nothing to prejudice the plan’s subrogation or recovery interest or to prejudice the plan’s ability to enforce the terms of this plan provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the plan.

The Covered Person acknowledges that the plan has the right to conduct an investigation regarding the injury, illness, or condition to identify any Responsible Party. The plan reserves the right to notify responsible Party and his or her agents of its lien. Agents include, but are not limited to, insurance companies and attorneys.

Interpretation
In the event that any claim is made that any part of this subrogation and right of recovery provision is ambiguous or questions arise concerning the meaning or intent of any of its terms, the Claims Administrator for the plan shall have the sole authority and discretion to resolve all disputes regarding the interpretation of this provision.

Jurisdiction
By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to the Covered Person or made on behalf of the Covered Person to any provider) from the plan, the Covered Person agrees that any court proceeding with respect to this provision may be brought in any court of competent jurisdiction as the plan may elect. By accepting such benefits, the Covered Person hereby submits to each such jurisdiction, waiving whatever rights may correspond to him or her by reason of his or her present or future domicile.

Recovery of Overpayment
If a benefit payment is made by Aetna, to or on behalf of any person, which exceeds the benefit amount such person is entitled to receive in accordance with the terms of the group contract, this Plan has the right:

• to require the return of the overpayment on request; or
• to reduce by the amount of the overpayment, any future benefit payment made to or on behalf of that person or another person in his or her family.

Such right does not affect any other right of recovery this Plan may have with respect to such overpayment.
Reporting of Claims
A claim must be submitted to Aetna in writing. It must give proof of the nature and extent of the loss. Your Employer has claim forms.

All claims should be reported promptly. The deadline for filing a claim for any benefits is 90 days after the date of the loss causing the claim.

If, through no fault of your own, you are not able to meet the deadline for filing claim, your claim will still be accepted if you file as soon as possible. Unless you are legally incapacitated, late claims will not be covered if they are filed more than 2 years after the deadline.

Payment of Benefits

Benefits will be paid as soon as the necessary proof to support the claim is received.

All benefits are payable to you. However, this Plan has the right to pay any health benefits to the service provider. This will be done unless you have told Aetna otherwise by the time you file the claim.

This Plan may pay up to $1,000 of any benefit to any of your relatives whom it believes fairly entitled to it. This can be done if the benefit is payable to you and you are a minor or not able to give a valid release. It can also be done if a benefit is payable to your estate.

Records of Expenses
Keep complete records of the expenses of each person. They will be required when a claim is made.

Very important are:

- Names of physicians, dentists and others who furnish services.
- Dates expenses are incurred.
- Copies of all bills and receipts.
The following definitions of certain words and phrases will help you understand the benefits to which the definitions apply. Some definitions which apply only to a specific benefit appear in the benefit section. If a definition appears in a benefit section and also appears in the Glossary, the definition in the benefit section will apply in lieu of the definition in the Glossary.

**Behavioral Health Provider**
A licensed organization or professional providing diagnostic, therapeutic or psychological services for behavioral health conditions.

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**Board and Room Charges**
Charges made by an institution for board and room and other necessary services and supplies. They must be regularly made at a daily or weekly rate.

**Brand Name Drug**
A prescription drug which is protected by trademark registration

**Companion**
This is a person whose presence as a Companion or caregiver is necessary to enable an NME Patient:

- to receive services in connection with an NME procedure or treatment on an inpatient or outpatient basis; or
- to travel to and from the facility where treatment is given.

**Convalescent Facility**
This is an institution that:

- Is licensed to provide, and does provide, the following on an inpatient basis for persons convalescing from disease or injury:
  - professional nursing care by a R.N., or by a L.P.N. directed by a full-time R.N.; and
  - physical restoration services to help patients to meet a goal of self-care in daily living activities.
- Provides 24 hour a day nursing care by licensed nurses directed by a full-time R.N.
- Is supervised full-time by a physician or R.N.
- Keeps a complete medical record on each patient.
- Has a utilization review plan.
- Is not mainly a place for rest, for the aged, for drug addicts, for alcoholics, for mental retardates, for custodial or educational care, or for care of mental disorders.
- Makes charges.

**Copay**
This is a fee, charged to a person, which represents a portion of the applicable expense. It is specified in the Summary of Coverage.

As to a prescription drug dispensed by a preferred (in-network) pharmacy, this is the fee charged to a person at the time the prescription drug is dispensed payable directly to the pharmacy for each prescription or refill at the time the prescription or refill is dispensed. For drugs dispensed as packaged kits, the fee applies to each kit at the time it is dispensed. In no event will the copay be greater than the prescription, kit, or refill.
Custodial Care
This means services and supplies furnished to a person mainly to help him or her in the activities of daily life. This includes board and room and other institutional care. The person does not have to be disabled. Such services and supplies are custodial care without regard to:

- by whom they are prescribed; or
- by whom they are recommended; or
- by whom or by which they are performed.

Dentist
This means a legally qualified dentist. Also, a physician who is licensed to do the dental work he or she performs.

Directory
This is a listing of Preferred (In-Network) Care Providers in the Service Area covered under this Plan, which is given to your Employer for distribution to all employees covered under this Plan. A current list of participating providers is also available through Aetna’s on-line provider directory, DocFind, at www.aetna.com.

Durable Medical and Surgical Equipment
This means no more than one item of equipment for the same or similar purpose, and the accessories needed to operate it, that is:

- made to withstand prolonged use;
- made for and mainly used in the treatment of a disease or injury;
- suited for use in the home;
- not normally of use to persons who do not have a disease or injury;
- not for use in altering air quality or temperature;
- not for exercise or training.

Not included is equipment such as: whirlpools; portable whirlpool pumps; sauna baths; massage devices; overbed tables; elevators; communication aids; vision aids; and telephone alert systems.

Effective Treatment of Alcoholism Or Drug Abuse
This means a program of alcoholism or drug abuse therapy that is prescribed and supervised by a physician and either:

- has a follow-up therapy program directed by a physician on at least a monthly basis; or
- includes meetings at least twice a month with organizations devoted to the treatment of alcoholism or drug abuse.

These are not effective treatment:

- Detoxification. This means mainly treating the aftereffects of a specific episode of alcoholism or drug abuse.
- Maintenance care. This means providing an environment free of alcohol or drugs.

Effective Treatment of A Mental Disorder
This is a program that:

- is prescribed and supervised by a physician; and
- is for a disorder that can be favorably changed.

Emergency Care
This means the treatment given in a hospital’s emergency room to evaluate and treat medical conditions of a recent onset and severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain, which would lead a prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, to believe that his or her condition, sickness, or injury is of such a nature that failure to get immediate medical care could result in:

- placing the person’s health in serious jeopardy; or
- serious impairment to bodily function; or
- serious dysfunction of a body part or organ; or
- in the case of a pregnant woman, serious jeopardy to the health of the fetus.
**Emergency Condition**
This means a recent and severe medical condition, including, but not limited to, severe pain, which would lead a prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, to believe that his or her condition, sickness, or injury is of such a nature that failure to get immediate medical care could result in:

- placing the person’s health in serious jeopardy; or
- serious impairment to bodily function; or
- serious dysfunction of a body part or organ; or
- in the case of a pregnant woman, serious jeopardy to the health of the fetus.

**Generic Drug**
A prescription drug which is not protected by trademark registration, but is produced and sold under the chemical formulation name.

**Home Health Care Agency**
This is an agency that:

- mainly provides skilled nursing and other therapeutic services; and
- is associated with a professional group which makes policy; this group must have at least one physician and one R.N.; and
- has full-time supervision by a physician or a R.N.; and
- keeps complete medical records on each person; and
- has a full-time administrator; and
- meets licensing standards.

**Home Health Care Plan**
This is a plan that provides for care and treatment of a disease or injury. The care and treatment must be:

- prescribed in writing by the attending physician; and
- an alternative to confinement in a hospital or convalescent facility.

**Hospice Care**
This is care given to a terminally ill person by or under arrangements with a Hospice Care Agency. The care must be part of a Hospice Care Program.

**Hospice Care Agency**
This is an agency or organization which:

- Has Hospice Care available 24 hours a day.
- Meets any licensing or certification standards set forth by the jurisdiction where it is.
- Provides:

  - skilled nursing services; and
  - medical social services; and
  - psychological and dietary counseling.

- Provides or arranges for other services which will include:

  - services of a physician; and
  - physical and occupational therapy; and
  - part-time home health aide services which mainly consist of caring for terminally ill persons; and
  - inpatient care in a facility when needed for pain control and acute and chronic symptom management.
• Has personnel which include at least:
  
  one physician; and
  
  one R.N.; and
  
  one licensed or certified social worker employed by the Agency.

• Establishes policies governing the provision of Hospice Care.
• Assesses the patient's medical and social needs.
• Develops a Hospice Care Program to meet those needs.
• Provides an ongoing quality assurance program. This includes reviews by physicians, other than those who own or direct the Agency.
• Permits all area medical personnel to utilize its services for their patients.
• Keeps a medical record on each patient.
• Utilizes volunteers trained in providing services for non-medical needs.
• Has a full-time administrator.

**Hospice Care Program**
This is a written plan of Hospice Care, which:

• Is established by and reviewed from time to time by:
  
  a physician attending the person; and
  
  appropriate personnel of a Hospice Care Agency.

• Is designed to provide:
  
  palliative and supportive care to terminally ill persons; and
  
  supportive care to their families.

• Includes:
  
  an assessment of the person's medical and social needs; and
  
  a description of the care to be given to meet those needs.

**Hospice Facility**
This is a facility, or distinct part of one, which:

• Mainly provides inpatient Hospice Care to terminally ill persons.
• Charges its patients.
• Meets any licensing or certification standards set forth by the jurisdiction where it is.
• Keeps a medical record on each patient.
• Provides an ongoing quality assurance program; this includes reviews by physicians other than those who own or direct the facility.
• Is run by a staff of physicians; at least one such physician must be on call at all times.
• Provides, 24 hours a day, nursing services under the direction of a R.N.
• Has a full-time administrator.

**Hospital**
This is a place that:

• Mainly provides inpatient facilities for the surgical and medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured and sick persons.
• Is supervised by a staff of physicians.
• Provides 24 hour a day R.N. service.
• Is not mainly a place for rest, for the aged, for drug addicts, for alcoholics, or a nursing home.
• Makes charges.

**L.P.N.**
This means a licensed practical nurse.

**Late Enrollee**
This is an employee in an Eligible Class who requests enrollment under this Plan after the Initial Enrollment Period. In addition, this is an eligible dependent for whom the employee did not elect coverage within the Initial Enrollment Period, but for whom coverage is elected at a later time.

However, an eligible employee or dependent may not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the Special Enrollment Periods section of the Summary of Coverage.

**Mail Order Pharmacy**
An establishment where *prescription drugs* are legally dispensed by mail.

**Medication Formulary**
A listing of *prescription drugs* which have been evaluated and selected by Aetna clinical pharmacists for their therapeutic equivalency and efficacy. This listing includes both *brand name drugs* and *generic drugs* and is subject to periodic review and modification by Aetna. See your Employer for a current listing.

**Mental Disorder**
This is a disease commonly understood to be a mental disorder whether or not it has a physiological or organic basis and for which treatment is generally provided by or under the direction of a mental health professional such as a psychiatrist, a psychologist or a psychiatric social worker. A mental disorder includes; but is not limited to:

• Alcoholism and drug abuse.
• Schizophrenia.
• Bipolar disorder.
• Pervasive Mental Developmental Disorder (Autism).
• Panic disorder.
• Major depressive disorder.
• Psychotic depression.
• Obsessive compulsive disorder.

For the purposes of benefits under this Plan, mental disorder will include alcoholism and drug abuse only if any separate benefit for a particular type of treatment does not apply to alcoholism and drug abuse.

**NME Patient**
This is a person who:

• requires any of the NME procedure and treatment types for which the charges are a Covered Medical Expense; and
• contacts Aetna and is approved by Aetna as an NME Patient; and
• agrees to have the procedure or treatment performed in a hospital designated by Aetna as the most appropriate facility.

**Necessary**
A service or supply furnished by a particular provider is necessary if Aetna determines that it is appropriate for the diagnosis, the care or the treatment of the disease or injury involved.

To be appropriate, the service or supply must:

• be care or treatment, as likely to produce a significant positive outcome as, and no more likely to produce a negative outcome than, any alternative service or supply, both as to the disease or injury involved and the person's overall health condition;
• be a diagnostic procedure, indicated by the health status of the person and be as likely to result in information that could affect the course of treatment as, and no more likely to produce a negative outcome than, any alternative service or supply, both as to the disease or injury involved and the person's overall health condition; and
as to diagnosis, care and treatment be no more costly (taking into account all health expenses incurred in connection with the service or supply) than any alternative service or supply to meet the above tests.

In determining if a service or supply is appropriate under the circumstances, Aetna will take into consideration:

- information provided on the affected person's health status;
- reports in peer reviewed medical literature;
- reports and guidelines published by nationally recognized healthcare organizations that include supporting scientific data;
- generally recognized professional standards of safety and effectiveness in the United States for diagnosis, care or treatment;
- the opinion of health professionals in the generally recognized health specialty involved; and
- any other relevant information brought to Aetna's attention.

In no event will the following services or supplies be considered to be necessary:

- those that do not require the technical skills of a medical, a mental health or a dental professional; or
- those furnished mainly for the personal comfort or convenience of the person, any person who cares for him or her, any person who is part of his or her family, any healthcare provider or healthcare facility; or
- those furnished solely because the person is an inpatient on any day on which the person's disease or injury could safely and adequately be diagnosed or treated while not confined; or
- those furnished solely because of the setting if the service or supply could safely and adequately be furnished in a physician's or a dentist's office or other less costly setting.

**Negotiated Charge**
This is the maximum charge a **Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider** has agreed to make as to any service or supply for the purpose of the benefits under this Plan.

**Non-Occupational Disease**
A non-occupational disease is a disease that does not:

- arise out of (or in the course of) any work for pay or profit; or
- result in any way from a disease that does.

A disease will be deemed to be non-occupational regardless of cause if proof is furnished that the person:

- is covered under any type of workers' compensation law; and
- is not covered for that disease under such law.

**Non-Occupational Injury**
A non-occupational injury is an accidental bodily injury that does not:

- arise out of (or in the course of) any work for pay or profit; or
- result in any way from an injury which does.

**Non-Preferred (Out-of-Network) Care Provider**
This is:

- a health care provider that has not contracted to furnish services or supplies at a **Negotiated Charge**; or
- a **Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider** that is furnishing services or supplies without the referral of a **Primary Care Physician**.

**Non-Specialist**
A **physician** who is not a **specialist**.

**Orthodontic Treatment**
This is any:

- medical service or supply; or
• dental service or supply;

furnished to prevent or to diagnose or to correct a misalignment:

• of the teeth; or
• of the bite; or
• of the jaws or jaw joint relationship;

whether or not for the purpose of relieving pain.

Not included is:

• the installation of a space maintainer; or
• a surgical procedure to correct malocclusion.

**Pharmacy**
An establishment where prescription drugs are legally dispensed.

**Physician**
This means a legally qualified physician.

Preferred (In-Network) Care is also care which is recommended and approved by the BHCC.

**Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider**
This is a health care provider that has contracted to furnish services or supplies for a Negotiated Charge; but only if the provider is, with Aetna's consent, included in the Directory as a Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider for:

• the service or supply involved; and
• the class of employees of which you are member.

**Preferred (In-Network) Pharmacy**
A pharmacy, including a mail order pharmacy, which is party to a contract with Aetna to dispense drugs to persons covered under this Plan, but only:

• while the contract remains in effect; and
• while such a pharmacy dispenses a prescription drug under the terms of its contract with Aetna.

**Prescriber**
Any person, while acting within the scope of his or her license, who has the legal authority to write an order for a prescription drug.

**Prescription**
An order of a prescriber for a prescription drug. If it is an oral order, it must promptly be put in writing by the pharmacy.

**Prescription Drugs**
Any of the following:

• A drug, biological, compounded prescription or contraceptive device which, by Federal Law, may be dispensed only by prescription and which is required to be labeled "Caution: Federal Law prohibits dispensing without prescription".
• An injectable contraceptive drug prescribed to be administered by a paid healthcare professional.
• An injectable drug prescribed to be self-administered or administered by any other person except one who is acting within his or her capacity as a paid healthcare professional. Covered injectable drugs include insulin.
• Disposable needles and syringes which are purchased to administer a covered injectable prescription drug.
• Disposable diabetic supplies.
**Primary Care Physician**
This is the Preferred (In-Network) Care Provider who is:

- selected by a person from the list of Primary Care Physicians in the Directory;
- responsible for the person's on-going health care; and
- shown on Aetna's records as the person's Primary Care Physician.

**R.N.**
This means a registered nurse.

**Reasonable Charge**
Only that part of a charge which is reasonable is covered. The reasonable charge for a service or supply is the lowest of:

- the provider's usual charge for furnishing it; and
- the charge Aetna determines to be appropriate, based on factors such as the cost of providing the same or a similar service or supply and the manner in which charges for the service or supply are made; and
- the charge Aetna determines to be the prevailing charge level made for it in the geographic area where it is furnished.

In determining the reasonable charge for a service or supply that is:

- unusual; or
- not often provided in the area; or
- provided by only a small number of providers in the area;

Aetna may take into account factors, such as:

- the complexity;
- the degree of skill needed;
- the type of specialty of the provider;
- the range of services or supplies provided by a facility; and
- the prevailing charge in other areas.

In some circumstances, Aetna may have an agreement with a provider (either directly, or indirectly through a third party) which sets the rate that Aetna will pay for a service or supply. In these instances, in spite of the methodology described above, the reasonable charge is the rate established in such agreement.

**Residential Treatment Facility - Alcoholism and Drug Abuse**
This is an institution that meets all of the following requirements:

- On-site licensed Behavioral Health Provider 24 hours per day/7 days a week.
- Provides a comprehensive patient assessment (preferably before admission, but at least upon admission).
- Is admitted by a Physician.
- Has access to necessary medical services 24 hours per day/7 days a week.
- If the member requires detoxification services, must have the availability of on-site medical treatment 24 hours per day/7 days a week, which must be actively supervised by an attending Physician.
- Provides living arrangements that foster community living and peer interaction that are consistent with developmental needs.
- Offers group therapy sessions with at least an RN or Masters-Level Health Professional.
- Has the ability to involve family/support systems in therapy (required for children and adolescents; encouraged for adults).
- Provides access to at least weekly sessions with a Psychiatrist or psychologist for individual psychotherapy.
- Has peer oriented activities.
- Services are managed by a licensed Behavioral Health Provider who, while not needing to be individually contracted, needs to (1) meet the Aetna credentialing criteria as an individual practitioner, and (2) function under the direction/supervision of a licensed psychiatrist (Medical Director).
- Has individualized active treatment plan directed toward the alleviation of the impairment that caused the admission.
- Provides a level of skilled intervention consistent with patient risk.
- Meets any and all applicable licensing standards established by the jurisdiction in which it is located.
- Is not a Wilderness Treatment Program or any such related or similar program, school and/or education service.
• Ability to assess and recognize withdrawal complications that threaten life or bodily functions and to obtain needed services either on site or externally.
• 24-hours per day/7 days a week supervision by a Physician with evidence of close and frequent observation.
• On-site, licensed Behavioral Health Provider, medical or substance abuse professionals 24 hours per day/7 days a week.

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Residential Treatment Facility - Mental Disorders
This is an institution that meets all of the following requirements:

• On-site licensed Behavioral Health Provider 24 hours per day/7 days a week.
• Provides a comprehensive patient assessment (preferably before admission, but at least upon admission).
• Is admitted by a Physician.
• Has access to necessary medical services 24 hours per day/7 days a week.
• Provides living arrangements that foster community living and peer interaction that are consistent with developmental needs.
• Offers group therapy sessions with at least an RN or Masters-Level Health Professional.
• Has the ability to involve family/support systems in therapy (required for children and adolescents; encouraged for adults).
• Provides access to at least weekly sessions with a Psychiatrist or psychologist for individual psychotherapy.
• Has peer oriented activities.
• Services are managed by a licensed Behavioral Health Provider who, while not needing to be individually contracted, needs to (1) meet the Aetna credentialing criteria as an individual practitioner, and (2) function under the direction/supervision of a licensed psychiatrist (Medical Director).
• Has individualized active treatment plan directed toward the alleviation of the impairment that caused the admission.
• Provides a level of skilled intervention consistent with patient risk.
• Meets any and all applicable licensing standards established by the jurisdiction in which it is located.
• Is not a Wilderness Treatment Program or any such related or similar program, school and/or education service.

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Semiprivate Rate
This is the charge for board and room which an institution applies to the most beds in its semiprivate rooms with 2 or more beds. If there are no such rooms, Aetna will figure the rate. It will be the rate most commonly charged by similar institutions in the same geographic area.

Service Area
This is the geographic area, as determined by Aetna in which Preferred (In-Network) Care Providers for this Plan are located.

Specialist
A physician who:

practices in any generally accepted medical or surgical sub-specialty; and
is providing other than routine medical care.

A physician who:

practices in such a sub-specialty; and
is providing routine medical care (such as could be given by a primary care physician),

will not be considered a Specialist for purposes of applying this plan’s copay provisions.

Terminally Ill
This is a medical prognosis of 6 months or less to live.
**Urgent Care Provider**

This is:

- A freestanding medical facility which:
  
  Provides unscheduled medical services to treat an urgent condition if the person’s **physician** is not reasonably available.
  
  Routinely provides ongoing unscheduled medical services for more than 8 consecutive hours.
  
  Makes charges.
  
  Is licensed and certified as required by any state or federal law or regulation.
  
  Keeps a medical record on each patient.
  
  Provides an ongoing quality assurance program. This includes reviews by **physicians** other than those who own or direct the facility.
  
  Is run by a staff of **physicians**. At least one **physician** must be on call at all times.
  
  Has a full-time administrator who is a licensed **physician**.

- A **physician’s** office, but only one that:

  has contracted with Aetna to provide urgent care; and
  
  is, with Aetna’s consent, included in the **Directory** as a Preferred (In-Network) Urgent Care Provider.

It is not the emergency room or outpatient department of a **hospital**.

**Urgent Condition**

This means a sudden illness; injury; or condition; that:

- is severe enough to require prompt medical attention to avoid serious deterioration of the covered person’s health;
- includes a condition which would subject the covered person to severe pain that could not be adequately managed without urgent care or treatment;
- does not require the level of care provided in the emergency room of a **hospital**; and
- requires immediate outpatient medical care that cannot be postponed until the covered person’s **physician** becomes reasonably available.
Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA

Introduction
You are receiving this notice because you have recently become covered under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice contains important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you when you would otherwise lose your group health coverage. It can also become available to other members of your family who are covered under the Plan when they would otherwise lose their group health coverage. For additional information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan’s Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

What is COBRA Continuation Coverage?
COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event known as a “qualifying event.” Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a “qualified beneficiary.” You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you are an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because either one of the following qualifying events happens:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you are the spouse of an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events happen:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse’s hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events happen:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee’s hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the plan as a “dependent child.”

If your employer offers Retiree coverage, sometimes, filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under title 11 of the United States Code can be a qualifying event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to your Employer, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage of any retired employee covered under the Plan, the retired employee will become a qualified beneficiary with respect to the bankruptcy. The retired employee’s spouse, surviving spouse, and dependent children will also become qualified beneficiaries if bankruptcy results in the loss of their coverage under the Plan.

When is COBRA Coverage Available?
The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, death of the employee, or the employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the qualifying event.
You Must Give Notice of Some Qualifying Events
For the other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child’s losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs.

How is COBRA Coverage Provided?
Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage. When the qualifying event is the death of the employee, the employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), your divorce or legal separation, or a dependent child's losing eligibility as a dependent child, COBRA continuation coverage lasts for up to a total of 36 months. When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of the employee's hours of employment, and the employee became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months before the qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage for qualified beneficiaries other than the employee lasts until 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare 8 months before the date on which his employment terminates, COBRA continuation coverage for his spouse and children can last up to 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement, which is equal to 28 months after the date of the qualifying event (36 months minus 8 months). Otherwise, when the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of the employee’s hours of employment, COBRA continuation coverage generally lasts for only up to a total of 18 months. There are two ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended.

Disability extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage
If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage. In order to qualify for this extension you must provide a copy of your Disability Award letter that is received from the Social Security Administration prior to the end of your COBRA continuation period to the Plan administrator.

Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage
If your family experiences another qualifying event while receiving 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if notice of the second qualifying event is properly given to the Plan. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children receiving continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), or gets divorced or legally separated, or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child, but only if the event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

Keep Your Plan Informed of Address Changes
In order to protect your family’s rights, you should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

If You Have Questions
Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under ERISA, including COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor’s Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA’s website.)
Continuation of Coverage During an Approved Leave of Absence Granted to Comply With Federal Law

This continuation of coverage section applies only for the period of any approved family or medical leave (approved FMLA leave) required by Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA). If your Employer grants you an approved FMLA leave for a period in excess of the period required by FMLA, any continuation of coverage during that excess period will be determined by your Employer.

If your Employer grants you an approved FMLA leave in accordance with FMLA, you may, during the continuance of such approved FMLA leave, continue Health Expense Benefits for you and your eligible dependents.

At the time you request the leave, you must agree to make any contributions required by your Employer to continue coverage.

If any coverage your Employer allows you to continue has reduction rules applicable by reason of age or retirement, the coverage will be subject to such rules while you are on FMLA leave.

Coverage will not be continued beyond the first to occur of:

- The date you are required to make any contribution and you fail to do so.
- The date your Employer determines your approved FMLA leave is terminated.
- The date the coverage involved discontinues as to your eligible class. However, coverage for health expenses may be available to you under another plan sponsored by your Employer.

Any coverage being continued for a dependent will not be continued beyond the date it would otherwise terminate.

If Health Expense Benefits terminate because your approved FMLA leave is deemed terminated by your Employer, you may, on the date of such termination, be eligible for Continuation Under Federal Law on the same terms as though your employment terminated, other than for gross misconduct, on such date. If this Plan provides any other continuation of coverage (for example, upon termination of employment, death, divorce or ceasing to be a defined dependent), you (or your eligible dependents) may be eligible for such continuation on the date your Employer determines your approved FMLA leave is terminated or the date of the event for which the continuation is available.

If you acquire a new dependent while your coverage is continued during an approved FMLA leave, the dependent will be eligible for the continued coverage on the same terms as would be applicable if you were actively at work, not on an approved FMLA leave.

If you return to work for your Employer following the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated, your coverage under this Plan will be in force as though you had continued in active employment rather than going on an approved FMLA leave provided you make request for such coverage within 31 days of the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave to be terminated. If you do not make such request within 31 days, coverage will again be effective under this Plan only if and when this Plan gives its written consent.

If any coverage being continued terminates because your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated, any Conversion Privilege will be available on the same terms as though your employment had terminated on the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated.